COMPUTING – Computer Science (Discovery Education Coding)

	Year 1 (Level 1)	Year 2 (Level 2)	Year 3 (Level 3)	Year 4 (Level 4)	Year 5 (Level 5 and 6)	Year 6 (HTML and Python)
Statutory	Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions Create and debug simple programs Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs		Design, write and debug programs that a	accomplish specific goals, including controlling or	simulating physical systems; solve problems by decompo	sing them into smaller parts
Information (NC)			Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs			
Programming	To understand that when a computer does something, it is following instructions called	To write code that makes an object move around the screen when keys are pressed.	To write a computer program where different pieces of code execute in a particular sequence.	To understand how a variable can be used to keep track of the score in a game.	Level 5 objectives To set values in code to control the speed of an object.	Introduction to Python To input information in Python and generate an output
	'code'. To give instructions to make objects on the screen move when the program starts. To use code to make objects move when they are clicked on. To use code to write a computer program where objects in a space scene move when they are clicked on. To combine start events and click events to make a simple game. To combine start events and click events in code	To make objects perform different actions when keys are pressed on the keyboard. To write code that makes an object change direction when different keys on the keyboard are pressed. To write code that makes an object change direction when the pointer is pressed and released. To write code where different inputs can be used to make objects move and disappear. To write code where buttons can be used to make an object move around the screen. To write the code for a simple game where buttons are used to move an object around.	To create a program that uses sequences for two different objects moving on the screen. To write code that uses a timer to create a sequence of events. To use 'hit events' to program a maze game in which an object reacts to particular conditions. To use conditional hit events to control the movement of an object on the screen. To make a simple game that uses conditional hit events to check if one object has hit another. To program a simple game where conditional events are used to check whether objects have collided.	To use variables to keep track of the score in a game that uses conditional events. To learn how to use multiple different variables and to set the value of a variable. To use a variable to keep track of the score in a game where the score increases, decreases or resets when different conditions are met. To use a loop to do something repeatedly in a program. To write code that uses nested loops. To use the concepts of loops, regular or infinite repetition, and 'if statement' blocks. To use loops, a variable and if statements to create an animated scene involving a repeating pattern.	To use object properties (speed, heading and angle) to create a driving simulation. To create a simulation game where an object's position on the screen is controlled by making changes to its co-ordinates. To write code including 'if' statements to make an object rotate, and combine this with conditional events to make a game. Level 6 objectives (Applying the use of complex variables) To write code that prompts the user to input the value of a variable, and use this to create an interactive block chart. To use my knowledge of variables to make a balloon pop game that gets harder as users score more points. To write the code for a shopping till using variables to store and calculate values. To create a stopwatch with stop, start, and reset buttons, and both digital and analogue displays.	by running the code. To use Python to make simple calculations and recognise symbols for multiplication (*) and division (/). To use inputs and variables in Python, including 'if' commands. To use variables in order to store values in Python. Introduction to HTML To get started with HTML by adding paragraphs of text to a page. To add images to a web page using HTML. To create a web page using headings, paragraphs and images.
Debugging and	To use knowledge of coding to fix mistakes in a variety of	To use knowledge of algorithms involving buttons and clickers to	To debug a program written block commands	Test and improve given programs which involve variables.	To debug algorithms involving speed, direction and coordinates.	To debug commands in Python.
Reasoning	algorithms. To predict the effect of a given instruction	debug a given code. To explain why a sequence needs to be changed	To use visual programming language to explain what a given program does To explain how an algorithm can solve a	To explain simple algorithms which use loops and selection.	To test and improve code which features more complex variables. Use understanding of variables create more complex	To debug commands in HTML. To explain how Python and HTML can be used in real life context.
		To predict and test the outcome of a given algorithm	problem in real life context.		sequences and events.	
Provision	Beebots/BeeBot App Dicsovery Eduction Coding	BeeBots/BeeBot App Discovery Education	Discover Education Coding	Discover Education Coding	Discover Education Coding	Discover Education Coding
Vocabulary	code, instructions, run, up, down, left, right, direction, object, action, click event, program, decompose, stop, start	object, key press, control, action, algorithm, input device, event, key, run, execute, direction, clockwise, anti-clockwise, pointer, pointer press, pointer release, button, program, direction, run, control, click, debug	sequence, run, before, after, between, execute, algorithm, order, action, timer event, debug, condition, conditional statement, background, direction, hit event, collide, input	variable, score, start, click, time, alert, conditional event, value, hit event, execute, negative, collide, set, condition, repetition, loop, action, efficient, nesting, repeat, always, object, event, timer, if statement, direction	Level 5 - object, action, speed, property, value, accelerate, decelerate, debug, angle, speed, heading, value, iteratively, object properties, simulation, decomposition, angle, co-ordinates, condition, negative numbers, y-axis, x-axis, position, conditional event, if statement Level 6 - input, variable, property, background, grid, pixel, block, convert, value, alignment, unit, scale, variable, condition, event, random, loop, if statement, discount, calculate, total, percentage, Boolean, analogue, digital, loop	*Children should be secure with vocabulary linked to block coding. Python - input, variable, if command, generate, output, pair programming, quotes, string HTML (Hyper Text Mark-up Language) – opening and closing tags, paragraph tags, angle brackets, paragraphs, headings, jpgs, graphics, PNG (portable network graphics), content